Approved For Release 2003/05/16: CIA-RDP79T00975A008400200001-6 24 July 1965 TOP SECRET

25X1

25X1



# CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE ULLETI

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE RELATING TO NATIONAL SECURITY

24 July 1965

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

# CONTENTS

25X I	
	2. Dominican Republic: Pressure growing on OAS committee to force early settlement. (Page 4)
	3. South Arabia: British position in Aden apparently still weakening. (Page 5)
	4. Poland: Top party leaders differ seriously over Poland's future course. (Page 6)
25X1 25X1	5. Notes: Greece; Communist China; (Page 7)

Next 4 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Ambassador Bunker of the OAS Committee met on 22 July with a prominent Dominican businessman and civic leader who urged the committee to move quickly, and to apply whatever pressure may be necessary to end the impasse as soon as possible. He said the general public as well as the business community approve the OAS formula and are "desperate" for a settlement. He claimed both governments lack popular support.

Representatives of other groups have expressed similar sentiments. Morale is low within the rebel camp and the desire for an early settlement is widespread. Only the hard-line extremists favor continuing the fight and a few leaders, like rebel foreign minister Cury and Hector Aristy, seem intent on prolonging the impasse in the hope of securing some rebel gains in the settlement terms. 7

Reports from the Dominican interior also reflect widespread desire for a quick settlement. Although living conditions have improved somewhat since the early days of the insurrection, the continuing isolation of the country's business and commercial center, in rebel hands, is still disrupting life in the interior. Unemployment is a serious problem. 7

Corruption among local police and other governmental personnel apparently has further alienated the public from government authority. There seems to be growing support for former president Balaguer, who has the reputation of being the "only" honest Dominican politician.

South Arabia: The British position in Aden has been further weakened by the refusal of the local Aden Government to receive a British commission on independence for South Arabia. 7

The Aden Government, a member of the South Arabian Federation, opposed the commission at its inception several months ago, insisting that Aden's identity would be lost under the proposed independence plan. The remaining members of the federation, the back-country sultanates, envy and fear the more advanced Aden. They hope the proposed commission will bring independence in a form giving the balance of political power to the sultanates./

On 18 July there were large-scale resignations from the federation cabinet. There already was discontent in the cabinet with the lack of British support in countering attacks on the border from Yemen. The tribal leaders, who have been Britain's chief allies against Yemeni incursions, may cripple the federal government by withdrawing their support and retiring to their tiny states.

London is considering various alternative		
plans to get constitutional talks going, but with-		
out much hope of success. British official	S	
admit their main purpose is to pr	revent	
further erosion of their position until future plans		
for the Aden military base are determined in the		
for the Aden mintary base are determined in the		
UK defense review now under way. 7	$\overline{}$	
OK defense review now under way.		

25X1

25X1

24 July 65

25 💥

GOMULKA'S Policie

Poland: Serious differences about Poland's future course reportedly have developed among top party leaders.

These differences could erupt at the party central committee plenum scheduled for 27 July. The plenum, already postponed twice, is to be devoted to economic planning and management. A Polish Government source told a US Embassy official that economic policy had become "almost hopelessly tangled" because of "irresponsible political maneuvering within the party."

Even if those who favor internal reform and increased trade with the West should receive a sympathetic hearing at the plenum they are likely to gain only minor reforms which will do little to relieve the stagnation in Poland.

# NOTES

Greece: Public security measures are being tightened in the wake of the recent riots and demonstrations, and in anticipation of more antigovernment disturbances over the week end. Meanwhile, members of former prime minister Papandreou's Center union continue searching for a solution that will reunify the party and pull Greece out of its political morass. Athanasiadis-Novas may now have sufficient support to get a vote of confidence next week, but he could have difficulty developing a working majority in Parliament.

25X1

communist China: Peiping has resumed gold purchases in the London market. The Chinese have been inactive in this market since May, but on 19 July they ordered at least 8 tons and there are indications that they are trying to exchange further quantities of sterling for gold. Between early February, when the gold purchases began, and May, Peiping bought 70-75 tons, worth about \$80 million.

#### THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

#### The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

#### The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

### The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

#### The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Administrator

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

Approved For Release 7003/05/95E CIARD 179T00975A008400200001-6